TEACHERS RECRUITMENT BOARD, CHENNAI - 6
Written Competitive Examination for
Recruitment of BRTE in SSA (2008 - 2009)

HISTORY

Time Allowed : 3 Hours [ Maximum Marks : 150 ]

Each question carries four options namely A, B, C and D.
Choose one correct option and mark in appropriate place in the
OMR Answer Sheet.

1. Who was the Viceroy of India, when the Rowlatt Act was passed?
   A) Lord Irwin  B) Lord Chelmsford  
   C) Lord Wavell  D) Lord Wellington.

2. Which one of the following is the softest?
   A) Sodium  B) Aluminium  
   C) Iron  D) Lithium.

3. As a non-member who can participate in the proceedings of either of House of Parliament?
   A) Vice-President  B) Chief Justice 
   C) Attorney General  D) Chief Election Commissioner.

F-31

| Turn over |
4. Which is the river on which Indira Sagar Dam is planned to be constructed?
   A) Mahanadi
   B) Godavari
   C) Krishna
   D) Narmada.

5. The first astronomer who gave the idea, 'The earth rotates on its axis', is
   A) Bhaskara
   B) Aryabhatta
   C) Varahamihira
   D) Kalpana Chawla.

6. Which one of the following angles cannot be constructed using an unmarked ruler and compass only?
   A) 75°
   B) 90°
   C) 50°
   D) 22 \frac{1}{2}°

7. For a Frequency Polygon, the points are plotted against
   A) mid-point of the class interval vs frequency
   B) lower limit of the class interval vs frequency
   C) upper limit of the class interval vs frequency
   D) real limit of the class interval vs frequency.
8. AICTE was established in
   A) November, 1945  B) November, 1955

9. One of the main publications of John Dewey is
   A) Secrets of Childhood  B) Education Today
   C) Education of Man  D) The Social Contract.

10. According to David Ausubel, "Verbal Learning" is
    A) learning a new language
    B) oral practice
    C) understanding verbal information
    D) passive learning experience.

11. The Southern Regional Office of UGC is in
    A) Hyderabad  B) Bangalore
    C) Chennai  D) Mumbai.

12. National Population Policy was evolved in the year
    A) 1976  B) 1979
13. According to Abraham Maslow, 'Self-Actualisation' in the hierarchy is
   A) first step  B) final step
   C) third step  D) fourth step.

14. Who is the author of 'Emile'?
   A) Dewey  B) Bertrand Russell
   C) Froebel  D) Rousseau.

15. The university that has no affiliated colleges is
   A) Madras University  B) Madurai Kamaraj University
   C) Thanjavur Tamil University  D) Manonmanium Sundaranar University.

16. Human Rights Day is
   A) December 10  B) December 7
   C) December 26  D) July 17.

17. Which one of the following models is not on curriculum development?
   A) The Tylor model  B) The Ausubel's model
   C) The Taba model  D) The Hunkin's model.
18. The chief objective of pre-primary education is to promote ................. of the child.
   A) physical development          B) mental development
   C) social development           D) overall development.

19. If the teacher finds in learner's activities something new or original, then the child is supposed to be
   A) intelligent                    B) creative
   C) critical                        D) motivated.

20. Which one of the following is not a learning domain?
   A) Cognitive domain                B) Psychomotor domain
   C) Physiological domain            D) Affective domain.

21. What was the main cause for the disintegration of Soviet Union?
   A) Internal problems               B) U.S.A.
   C) European Union                  D) U.N.O.
22. Germany was reunified in the year
A) 1987       B) 1989

23. Who was considered as the Statesman of the School of Machiavelli?
A) Bismarck
B) Napoleon
C) Peter the Great
D) Frederick II.

24. Which revolution was the first attempt to give practical shape to the Doctrine of Marx?
A) Industrial Revolution
B) Russian Revolution
C) French Revolution
D) Chinese Revolution.

25. Who challenged the theory of Divine Right in France?
A) Montesquieu
B) Voltaire
C) Rousseau
D) Goodwin.

26. The last battle of Napoleon was
A) Bavaria
B) Waterloo
C) Leipzig
D) Friedland.

A
27. Which treaty paved the way for Russia's maritime and free communication with the western powers?
   A) Treaty of Nystadt  B) Treaty of Versailles

28. "The Monarch is the first servant of the state" was said by
   A) Louis XV  B) Frederick II
   C) Catherine  D) Peter.

29. Who helped Columbus for his explorations?
   A) Queen Isabella  B) Queen Victoria
   C) Queen Elizabeth  D) Queen Annie.

30. Reformation was a great movement in the field of
   A) Economics  B) Religion
   C) Politics  D) Social system.

31. Who was the founder of the Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam?
   A) Natesan  B) E.V.K. Sampath
   C) Nedunchezhiyan  D) Annadurai.
32. The AIADMK was started in the year
A) 1970 B) 1972

33. Who was the first Chief Minister belonging to the Justice Party?
A) Subburaya Chettyar B) Natesan
C) Bobbili Arasar D) K.V. Reddy Naidu.

34. The Swatantra Party was founded by
A) Sathyamoorthi B) Rajaji
C) Annie Besant D) E.V. Ramasamy.

35. Who led the anti-Simon Commission revolt in Madras?
A) Sathyamoorthi B) Rajaji
C) E.V. Ramasamy D) Annadurai.

36. Who was considered as 'Tilak of South India'?
A) Kamaraj B) V.O. Chidambaram
C) Alagesan D) Subramaniya Bharathi.
37. Which missionary called himself as Brahmin?
   A) Roberto de Nobili  B) Brito
   C) Pinto  D) Heras.

38. Maruthu Brothers were the Poligars of
   A) Madural  B) Sivagangai
   C) Palayamkottai  D) Ramnad.

39. Which inscription gives information about the local self government of Cholas?
   A) Utthiramerur  B) Gundur
   C) Allahabad  D) Chinnamanur.

40. The Lankan ruler Sena I was defeated by
   A) Varakuna II  B) Srimara Srivallaban
   C) Veerapandiyan  D) Kadunkon.

41. Kalingattuparani was written by
   A) Jeyamkondar  B) Ottakuthar
   C) Ambikapathi  D) Kalamegar.
42. The exponents of Vaishnavism were called as
   A) Nayanmars   B) Alwars
   C) Jains       D) Buddhists.

43. Arikkamedu is situated near
   A) Puduchcheri  B) Kanchipuram
   C) Thanjavur    D) Madurai.

44. Pattinappalai was written by
   A) Kapilar       B) Uruthirankannanar
   C) Nakkarar     D) Narayar.

45. The first woman doctor in Tamil Nadu was
   A) Muthulakshmi  B) Sarojini Naidu
   C) Soundaram    D) Valliammal.

46. The Indo-Pakistan war which led to the creation of Bangladesh was held in the year
   A) 1970         B) 1971
   C) 1974         D) 1981.
47. Who is the father of the Constitution of India?
A) B.R. Ambedkar  
B) A.O. Hume  
C) Mahatma Gandhi  
D) Sardar Patel.

पंचस्वील आयोजन के अवलोकन में सरकारी मुख्यमंत्री कौन था?
A) बी.ए. अम्बेडकर  
B) ए.ए. हम  
C) महात्मा गांधी  
D) सर्दर पटेल.

48. Panchsheel Policy was introduced by
A) Rajaji  
B) Jawaharlal Nehru  
C) Indira Gandhi  
D) Kripalani.

पंचस्वीलाल नेहरू ने अर्थवाणीपत्रिका को कैसे प्रस्तुत किया?
A) गंगा  
B) बृहस्पति  
C) श्रीरंग  
D) कीर्तिलाल.

49. The credit for integrating the Indian princely states goes to
A) Sardar Patel  
B) Rajendra Prasad  
C) J.L. Nehru  
D) Lord Mountbatten.

सरदार पटेल ने भारतीय संयुक्त राज्यों के समायोजन का कैसा योगदान किया?
A) सरदार पटेल  
B) राजेन्द्र प्रसाद  
C) जी.एल. नेहरू  
D) माउंटबेंटन.

50. The "Inquilab Zindabad" slogan was given by
A) Chandra Sekhar Azad  
B) Mohammed Iqbal  
C) Bhagat Singh  
D) Annie Besant.

"इन्किलाब जिंदाबाद" शब्द का अंग्रेजी विभाग के पहले साल कब दिया गया?
A) इंकिलाब जिंदाबाद  
B) बहादुर भगत  
C) अंनी बेंसें  
D) अंनी बेंसें.

51. 1935 Act is known as
A) Minto-Morley Act  
B) Montague-Chelmsford Act  
C) Indian Council Act  
D) Rowlatt Act.

1935 वसंत काल के बाद?
A) शांतिनगर-नागरी संस्करण  
B) बिहार बंड  
C) वर्तमान संस्करण  
D) अन्यत्र संस्करण.
52. Gandhī-Irwin Pact was signed in the year
   A) 1931       B) 1932
   C) 1935       D) 1937.

53. The Home Rule Movement was started by
   A) Annie Besant       B) W.C. Banerjee
   C) K.T. Telang        D) Bipin Chandra Pal.

54. The first experiment of Satyagraha in 1917 was held at
   A) Ahmedabad         B) Bardoli
   C) Champaran         D) Sabarmatti.

55. English as a medium of instruction in India was introduced by
   A) Lord Macaulay      B) Annie Besant
   C) Lord Ripon        D) Lord Dalhousie.

56. The Indian National Congress was founded in the year
   A) 1867       B) 1885
   C) 1887       D) 1920.
57. Child marriage and polygamy were opposed by
A) Ramanuja  
B) Vidyasagar  
C) Swami Dayanand  
D) Kabir.

58. The World Parliament of Religion in 1893, attended by Vivekananda was held at
A) New York  
B) Alaska  
C) Washington  
D) Chicago.

59. Which Governor General introduced the Railways in India?
A) Lord Dalhousie  
B) Lord Hardinge  
C) Lord Canning  
D) Lord Cornwallis.

60. Who was the Governor General in India when the 1857 revolt broke out?
A) Lord Dalhousie  
B) Lord Canning  
C) Lord Curzon  
D) Lord Ripon.

61. The English East India Company’s first Presidency in India was
A) Surat  
B) Masulipattinam  
C) Madras  
D) Hooghly.

[Turn over]
62. The treaty of Sri Rangapatnam was concluded between Tipu and
A) French  B) English
C) Dutch  D) Portuguese.

63. Who was regarded as 'Nana Sahib'?
A) Balaji Baji Rao  B) Balaji Viswanath
C) Madhav Rao  D) Baji Rao I.

64. The teacher of Shivaji was
A) Tarabai  B) Dadaji Kondadev
C) Rajaram  D) Jijabai.

65. The most famous state festival of Vijayanagara Empire was
A) Mahanavami  B) Vasant Festival
C) Ramnavami  D) Deepawali.

66. The philosophy of Shankar was
A) Dvaita  B) Advaita
C) Charvaka  D) Mimamsa.
67. Who was nominated by Ilutmish as his successor?
   A) Razia Sultana       B) Qutbuddin
   C) Nastruddin           D) Jalaluddin.

68. Daulatabad was created as a new capital by
   A) Qaiqbad               B) Mohammed-bin-Tughlaq
   C) Sikandar Lod           D) Ilutmish.

69. Harsha Charita was written by
   A) Bana                  B) Kalhana
   C) Patanjali             D) Dandi.

70. Virupaksha temple was built by
    A) Vikramaditya         B) Lokamahadevi
    C) Vikramaditya II      D) Pullkesin II.

71. The major Rock Edict of Asoka that explains the Dhamma is
   A) Eleventh             B) Fifth
   C) Twelfth              D) Thirteenth.

The major Rock Edict of Asoka that explains the Dhamma is
A) குருவியரைப்படுத்தும்   B) தேவதா
   C) பரங்ககர்களுக்கு   D) பிரம்மத்தை.
72. Which was the Capital of Mauryas?
A) Rajagriha
B) Pataliputra
C) Kalinga
D) Sanchi.

73. The origin of Indian Music could be traced to which of the following Vedas?
A) Sama Veda
B) Rig Veda
C) Yajur Veda
D) Atharva Veda.

74. Most of the Indus seals bore the figure of
A) Elephant
B) Bull
C) Horse
D) Tiger.

75. The Vedas were written in which language?
A) Sanskrit
B) Hindi
C) Telugu
D) Prakrit.

76. Who is the author of Mahabharata?
A) Valmiki
B) Vedavyas
C) Dandi
D) Kalidasa.

77. A person is hurt on kicking a stone due to
A) reaction
B) mass
C) velocity
D) momentum.
78. Which of the following harbours is not a natural harbour?
   A) Cochin
   B) Chennai
   C) Mumbai
   D) Paradip.

79. Recently one Indian cricket player has become the Sixth Batsman to score 10,000 runs in Test Cricket. The name of the player is
   A) Sachin Tendulkar
   B) Virender Sehwag
   C) Sourav Ganguly
   D) Rahul Dravid.

80. The battle of Wandiwash was fought between
   A) Marathas and Portuguese
   B) the English and the French
   C) the English and Portuguese
   D) Marathas and the English.

81. Linear programming is designed by
   A) B. F. Skinner
   B) E. L. Thorndike
   C) L. P. Pavlov
   D) Clark L. Hull.
82. Which of the following first identified the Secondary Education as a weak link and suggested improvement?
A) The Tarachand Committee (1948)
C) The University Education Commission (1949)

83. Intelligence test scores are reasonably stable after the age of
A) one  B) two  C) five  D) twenty.

84. Which one is not an S-R theory with reinforcement?
A) E. L. Thorndike’s theory
B) Hull’s theory
C) B. F. Skinner’s theory
D) Tolman’s theory of learning.

85. The emphasis of National Board for Adult Education on Curriculum is that it must be
A) need-based  B) functional  C) job-oriented  D) production-oriented.
86. World First Aid Day is
A) September 11    B) September 12

87. For the following scores
10, 11, 13, 10, 15, 17, 18, 15, 10
the value of mode is
A) 10    B) 13
C) 15    D) 18.

88. Educational Technology means
A) Technology in Education    B) Technology of Education
C) both of these    D) none of these.

89. Which one of the following is not a cause for forgetting?
A) When something learned and not used repeatedly
B) Interference with present learning
C) Lack of reorganisation of the learning material
D) Learning on the basis of short-term remembrance.
90. When the reason for acting is in the action, motivation is said to be
A) extrinsic  B) intrinsic
C) extrinsic & intrinsic  D) none of these.

91. National Integration Day is
A) November 19  B) December 19
C) September 19  D) May 19.

92. The importance of Teacher Education was first emphasized by
A) the Woods Dispatch  B) the Hunter Commission
C) Calcutta University Commission  D) the White Paper.

93. Taxonomy of educational objectives was first developed by
A) Mager  B) Skinner
C) Bloom  D) Thorndike.

94. SSA is established for achievement of
A) Elementary Education  B) Secondary Education
C) Higher Education  D) Vocational Education.
95. Whose philosophy is characterised as "Naturalistic in its setting. Idealistic in its aim and Pragmatic in its method and Programme of work"?

A) Sri Aurobindo  B) Gandhiji  C) Rousseau  D) Tagore.

96. Multi-factor theory of Intelligence was developed by

A) Charles Spearman  B) E. L. Thorndike  C) L. L. Thurstone  D) Dr. J. P. Guilford.

97. The headquarters of the League of Nations was at


98. Which is the most powerful organ of the UNO?


99. Congress of Vienna took place in the year

A) 1810  B) 1812  C) 1815  D) 1816.
100. The prophet of 19th Century Nationalism was
A) Metternich  B) Cavour  
C) Bismarck  D) Mazzini.

19 ஆம் நூற்றாண்டின் நாடியைச் சேர்ந்த முற்பாடு என்று கூறுவர் வான் அவரதான்றனை
A) மேற்பட்டிட  B) குறுக்கு  
C) சிற்றுந்தாடை  D) தொல்கள்.

101. The peace of Hubertsburg was concluded in the year
A) 1753  B) 1758
C) 1763  D) 1768.

102. Who was the Queen of France when the French Revolution took place ?
A) Queen Victoria  B) Queen Elizabeth
C) Queen Catherine  D) Queen Antonlette.

103. The authority of the Church was challenged by
A) John Wycliffe  B) Zwingli
C) Martin Luther King  D) Calvin.

104. Who said "All power, all authority, resides in the hands of the king" ?
A) Louis XIII  B) Philip IV
C) Leopold  D) Louis XIV.
105. Constantinople fell into the hands of the Ottoman Turks in the year  
A) 1353  B) 1450  
C) 1453  D) 1456.  

106. Vasco da Gama landed at Calicut in the year  
A) 1493  B) 1495  
C) 1496  D) 1498.  

107. Who introduced the Mid-day Meal Scheme in schools?  
A) M.G. Ramachandran  B) Karunanidhi  
C) Kamaraj  D) Rajaji.  

108. Where did the Second World Tamil Conference take place?  
A) Madras  B) Madurai  
C) Salem  D) Kanchipuram.  

109. In 1911 Collector Ash was shot dead by  
A) Subramaniya Siva  B) Sathyamoorthi  
C) Vanchinathan  D) Thiruppur Kumaran.  

110. The first conference of the Justice Party took place at  
A) Madras  B) Madurai  
C) Salem  D) Coimbatore.  

[ Turn over ]
111. Umaithurai was the brother of
   A) Periya Marudu       B) Velunacchtyar
   C) Kattabomman        D) Kilavan Sethupathi.

112. Vellore mutiny took place in the year
   A) 1799           B) 1801
   C) 1804           D) 1806.

113. Which kingdom was defeated in the Battle of Talaikotta?
   A) Bahmani       B) Cholas
   C) Vijayanagara  D) Pallavas.

114. The famous Nayaka ruler of Madurai was
   A) Viswanatha Nayakkar       B) Sevappa Nayakkar
   C) Dimmappa Nayakkar         D) Thirunalai Nayakkar.

115. Who built the Vaikuntha Perumal temple at Kanchi?
   A) Mahendra Varman        B) Nandi Varman
   C) Narasimha I.           D) Aparajita Varman.
116. Kandaloor Salai was defeated by
A) Rajendra I  B) Kulothunga I
C) Rajendra II  D) Raja Raja I.

117. Who built the temple for Kannagi?
A) Karikalan  B) Killivalavan
C) Chirar Senguttuvan  D) Ilangovadigal.

118. Which Pallava King is mentioned in Allahabad pillar inscription?
A) Vishnu Gopan  B) Dandi Varman
C) Dandi Durgan  D) Narasimha Varman I.

119. In 1971, India concluded the Treaty of Peace, Friendship, Co-operation with which country?
A) U.S.A.  B) Japan
C) U.S.S.R.  D) South Korea.

120. Which area is the important factor for differences between India and China?
A) Bhutan  B) Pakistan
C) Vietnam  D) Tibet.

[A] Turn over
121. The nationalisation of banks was done in India by
A) Lal Bahadur Sastri  B) Morarji Desai
C) Indira Gandhi  D) B.G. Tilak.

122. Development of agriculture was given utmost importance during the
A) Fourth Five-Year Plan  B) Third Five-Year Plan
C) Second Five-Year Plan  D) First Five-Year Plan.

123. Under which Act, the system of 'Dyarchy' was introduced in India by the
British?
A) 1909 Act  B) 1919 Act
C) 1935 Act  D) 1946 Act.

124. The system of Government provided in the Constitution of India is
A) Parliamentary  B) Presidential
C) Monarchical  D) Military.

125. In which year did Gandhi undertake the Dandi March?
A) 1919  B) 1922
C) 1930  D) 1939.
126. Who was the founder of the Indian National Army?

A) A.O. Hume
B) Justice Ranade
C) W. Digby
D) Subhash Chandra Bose.

127. Who founded the Amrita Bazar Patrika?

A) Girish Chandra Ghosh
B) Harish Chandra Mukherjee
C) S.N. Banerjee
D) Sist Kumar Ghosh.

128. How many members were there in Simon Commission?

A) 7
B) 8
C) 9
D) 10.

129. Who was considered as the Grand Old Man of India?

A) Mahatma Gandhi
B) Justice Ranade
C) Dadabhai Naoroji
D) Rabindranath Tagore.

130. The moderates decided to break with the Congress extremists in

A) 1903
B) 1904
C) 1905
D) 1907.
131. Raja Rammohan Roy founded Brahmo Samaj in the year
   A) 1828  B) 1829  C) 1832  D) 1834.
   ராஜ ரம்மோஹன் ராய் பிறந்த பிரமக் சாவார் புத்தமல் அதிகரித்தான் என்பதாய்?
   A) 1828  B) 1829  C) 1832  D) 1834.

132. In which year was the Wood Commission constituted in India?
   A) 1844  B) 1850  C) 1852  D) 1854.
   வாக் கம்பான் ஏற்றப்பட்ட கார்பனுக் கம்பான் ஏற்றப்பட்டும் ஏற்றப்பட்டும் ராஜா என்பதாய்?
   A) 1844  B) 1850  C) 1852  D) 1854.

133. The first Indian sepoy who refused to use the greased cartridge was
   A) Shivram  B) Hardev  C) Mangal Pandey  D) Abdul Rahim.
   பொதுவான் புனிதம் மக்களின் மக்களின் மக்களின் மக்களின் மாநாடு பொதுவான் பொதுவான் பொதுவான் பொதுவான்? 
   A) பொதுவான்  B) கொழுக்காள்  C) மாநாடுபாரதி  D) அப்பூர்வக.

134. Who was called as the "Hero of Valom"?
   "வல்மீகர் என்பதாய் என்பதாய் என்பதாய் என்பதாய்? 
   A) B.R. அம்பெக்கர்  B) E.V. ரகசாமாய்  C) M.K. காந்திய  D) B.G. திலக்.

135. The system of Dual Government in Bengal was abolished by
   பொதூருப்பின்னால் பொதூருப்பின்னால் பொதூருப்பின்னால் பொதூருப்பின்னால் பொதூருப்பின்னால் பொதூருப்பின்னால்?
   A) பொதூருப்பின்னால்  B) கொளங்காள்  C) பொதூருப்பின்னால்  D) பொதூருப்பின்னால்.

A
136. 'White Mutiny' by the European soldiers was staged during the period of
A) Lord Ripon  B) Lord Lytton
C) Lord Mayo  D) Lord Canning.

137. Who made the Sikhs as a militant sect?
A) Guru Teg Bahadur  B) Guru Amar Singh
C) Guru Hargovind  D) Guru Arjun Das.

138. Portuguese occupied Goa in the year
A) 1459  B) 1479
C) 1506  D) 1510.

139. Whose reign was called as "Golden age of the Mughals"?
A) Akbar  B) Jehangir
C) Sah Jahan  D) Aurangzeb.

140. Which Mughal king prohibited the practice of 'Sati'?
A) Balban  B) Humayun
C) Jehangir  D) Akbar.

[ Turn over ]
141. Who helped the Sangama Brothers to found Vijayanagara Empire?
   A) Sayana  B) Vallabhacharya  C) Vidyaranya  D) Madhavacharya.

142. The Portuguese Governor in India who concluded a friendship treaty with Krishnadevaraya during 1511 AD was

143. Gita Govinda was written by
   A) Dhanika  B) Bhatti  C) Jaydeva  D) Shri Harsha.

144. Who was the first ruler of slave dynasty in India?
   A) Mohammed of Ghor  B) Itutmish  C) Balban  D) Qutbuddin Albe.

145. Who was the Court Physician of Kanishka?
146. Who was the founder of Nalanda University?
A) Samudragupta
B) Buddhagupta
C) Skandagupta
D) Kumaragupta I.

147. What is the birth place of Buddhism?
A) Rajagriha
B) Kusinagar
C) Saranath
D) Lumbini.

148. Who among the following was the first to become a Buddhist nun?
A) Yashodhara
B) Gautami
C) Sujata
D) Mahamaya.

149. Which was the first metal discovered in India?
A) Gold
B) Tin
C) Copper
D) Bronze.

150. Which place is known as "Mound of the Dead"?
A) Harappa
B) Lothal
C) Kalibangan
D) Mohenjodaro.

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